CLAIMS

I claim:

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- 1. A double stranded RNA (dsRNA) phage that expresses at least one genetic sequence in eukaryote cells, comprising:
- a cap independent translation enhancer (CITE); and

at least one genetic sequence that is expressed in a eukaryote cell, wherein said CITE and said at least one genetic sequence are functionally linked and are incorporated into one or more dsRNA segments in the dsRNA.

- 10 2. The dsRNA phage of claim 1 wherein said at least one genetic sequence encodes a vaccine antigen.
 - 3. The dsRNA phage of claim 1 wherein said at least one genetic sequence encodes a bioactive protein.

4. The dsRNA phage of claim 1 wherein said at least one genetic sequence encodes an immunoregulatory protein.

- 5. The dsRNA phage of claim 1 wherein said at least one genetic sequence encodes an antisense RNA.
 - 6. The dsRNA phage of claim 1 wherein said at least one genetic sequence encodes a catalytic RNA.
- 7. The dsRNA phage of claim 1 wherein said at least one genetic sequence encodes an immunogen.
 - 8. The dsRNA phage of claim 7 wherein said immunogen is viral.
- 30 9. The dsRNA phage of claim 7 wherein said immunogen is bacterial.

- 10. The dsRNA phage of claim 7 wherein said immunogen is parasitic.
- 11. The dsRNA phage of claim 7 wherein said immunogen is a therapeutic agent.
- 5 12. The dsRNA phage of claim 7 wherein said immunogen is an autoimmune antigen.
 - 13. The dsRNA phage of claim 7 wherein said immunogen is a tumor antigen or tumor specific antigen.
- 14. The dsRNA phage of claim 1 wherein said CITE and said at least one genetic sequence are incorporated into an L segment.
 - 15. The dsRNA phage of claim 1 wherein said CITE and said at least one genetic sequence are incorporated into an M segment.
 - 16. The dsRNA phage of claim 1 wherein said CITE and said at least one genetic sequence are incorporated into an S segment.

- 17. The dsRNA phage of claim 1 wherein at said at least one genetic sequence includes asequence encoding for green fluorescent protein.
 - 18. The dsRNA phage of claim 1 wherein dsRNA is a prokaryotic virus.
- 19. The dsRNA phage of claim 1 wherein said at least one genetic sequence encodes an25 immunogen and a cytokine.
 - 20. The dsRNA phage of claim 1 further comprising an alpha-virus self-amplifying expression system.
- 30 21. The dsRNA phage of claim 20 wherein said alpha-virus self-amplifying expression system is based on semliki forest virus.

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22. A live bacterium comprising a double stranded RNA (dsRNA) phage that is transcribed and expresses at least one genetic sequence in eukaryote cells, wherein the dsRNA phage includes a cap independent translation enhancer (CITE), and at least one genetic sequence that is expressed in a eukaryote cell, wherein said CITE and said at least one genetic sequence are functionally linked and are incorporated into one or more dsRNA segments in the dsRNA.

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- 23. A method for immunizing a subject comprising infecting said subject with a live bacterium comprising a double stranded RNA (dsRNA) phage that is transcribed and expresses at least one genetic sequence that yields at least one immunogen, wherein the dsRNA phage includes a cap independent translation enhancer (CITE), and at least one genetic sequence that expresses said immunogen in a eukaryote cell, wherein said CITE and said at least one genetic sequence are functionally linked and are incorporated into one or more dsRNA segments in the dsRNA.
 - 24. The method of claim 23 wherein said immunogen is endogenous to said subject.
 - 25. The method of claim 23 wherein said immunogen is foreign to said subject.
 - 26. The method of claim 23 wherein said immunogen is viral.
 - 27. The method of claim 23 wherein said immunogen is bacterial.
- 25 28. The method of claim 23 wherein said immunogen is parasitic.
 - 29. The method of claim 23 wherein said at least one genetic sequence yields at least one cytokine.
- 30. A method of vaccinating an animal, comprising the steps of:

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pulsing dendritic cells with a double stranded RNA (dsRNA) phage that expresses at least one genetic sequence in eukaryote cells, comprising a cap independent translation enhancer (CITE), and at least one genetic sequence that is expressed in a eukaryote cell, wherein said CITE and said at least one genetic sequence are functionally linked and are incorporated into one or more dsRNA segments in the dsRNA; and injecting said dentritic cells into an animal.

- 31. A method of vaccinating an animal, comprising the step of providing the animal with a live attenuated bacterium harboring a double stranded RNA (dsRNA) phage that expresses at least one genetic sequence in eukaryote cells, comprising a cap independent translation enhancer (CITE), and at least one genetic sequence that is expressed in a eukaryote cell, wherein said CITE and said at least one genetic sequence are functionally linked and are incorporated into one or more dsRNA segments in the dsRNA.
- 15 32. The method of claim 31 wherein said providing step is performed orally.
 - 33. The method of claim 31 wherein said providing step is performed by injection.
 - 34. An anthrax vaccine, comprising:

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- a live bacterium harboring a double stranded RNA (dsRNA) phage that expresses at least one genetic sequence that expresses *Bacillus anthrax* lethal factor in eukaryote cells, said dsRNA includes in combination a cap independent translation enhancer (CITE), and at least one genetic sequence that expresses *Bacillus anthrax* lethal factor, wherein said CITE and said at least one genetic sequence are functionally linked and are incorporated into one or more dsRNA segments in the dsRNA.
 - 35. The anthrax vaccine of claim 34 wherein said at least one genetic sequence is downstream of said CITE.
- 36. The anthrax vaccine of claim 34 further comprising an adjuvant.

37. A tuberculosis vaccine, comprising:

a live bacterium harboring a double stranded RNA (dsRNA) phage that expresses at least one genetic sequence that expresses a tuberculosis antigen in eukaryote cells, said dsRNA includes in combination a cap independent translation enhancer (CITE), and at least one genetic sequence that expresses a tuberculosis antigen, wherein said CITE and said at least one genetic sequence are functionally linked and are incorporated into one or more dsRNA segments in the dsRNA.

- 38. The anthrax vaccine of claim 37 wherein said at least one genetic sequence is downstream of said CITE.
 - 39. The anthrax vaccine of claim 37 further comprising an adjuvant.